

This is a supplementary material to Baig HT, Ahmed I, Rehman IU, Ashfaq F, Faraz A. Employment preferences and self-perceived confidence of house-officers across dental teaching institutions of Lahore. [Pak J Surg Med](#). 2020;1(3):e282. doi: 10.37978/pjism.v1i3.282. Published under terms of [CC BY](#)

Preferences of Practice

| Gender | Preferences of Practice | Frequency | Percentage |
|--------|-------------------------|-----------|------------|
| male | partnership | 32 | 42.70% |
| | employee | 16 | 21.30% |
| | sole | 27 | 36% |
| | total | 75 | 100% |
| female | partnership | 73 | 40.30% |
| | employee | 86 | 47.50% |
| | sole | 22 | 12.20% |
| | total | 181 | 100.00% |

Table 1 demonstrates the differences in preference of practice in males and females. Females preferred to work as employees whereas males showed more preference towards partnerships.

Areas of Strongest Experience

| Gender | Subject | Frequency | Percentage |
|--------|-----------------------|-----------|------------|
| Male | Periodontology | 7 | 9.30% |
| | Restorative | 56 | 74.70% |
| | Prosthodontics | 12 | 16% |
| | Total | 75 | 100% |
| Female | Periodontology | 46 | 25.40% |
| | Restorative Dentistry | 105 | 58% |
| | Prosthodontics | 30 | 16.60% |
| | Total | 181 | 100% |

Table 2 shows the difference between male and female areas of strongest experience